Sunscreen range



# Sunscreen® Satiné 5500

Fire retardant coated fibreglass yarns fabrics

Solar protection:
All types of internal blinds
Tensile structures:

All types of shapes and volumes



external and





printable



Widths 160 190 220 250 285 cm

> www.sunscreen-mermet.com























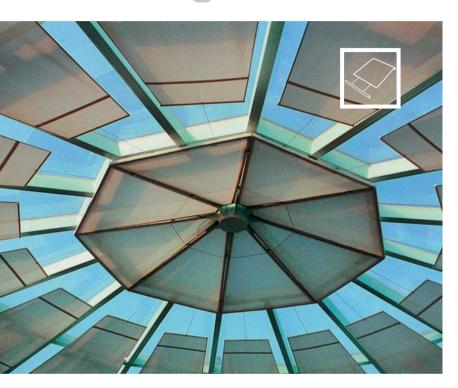
**External blinds** 

**External and internal blinds** 

**Internal blinds** 

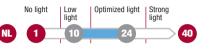


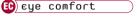
Sunscreen® Satiné 5500 Pinpoint the performance factors



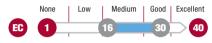
#### Natural light

Level of incoming natural light



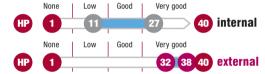


Glare control



#### ₩ Heat protection

Protection against the heat gain from sunlight



#### (W) contrast vision

Quality of outward visibility



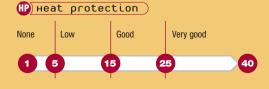
#### 4 comfort factors

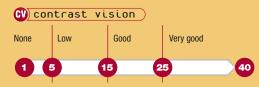
to choose the right fabric for the function and colour required and ensure the success of your solar protection.

The Modulight® Rapid' Selection system, including the 4 comfort factors and their scale of values, is the property of Mermet S.A. It refers solely to solar protection fabric in the Mermet Modulight® collection. Any whole or partial reproduction is forbidden.









### NL Level of incoming natural light

To obtain the best out of natural lighting, select in the 12 to 30 factor range.
To block out the light completely, select from the 1 to 5 range.

#### C Glare control

For adequate glare control, do not select below factor 22

### Protection against the heat gain from sunlight

To be protected from the heat, select in the 20 to 40 factor range.

#### **CV** Quality of outward visibility

To make the most of visibility and provide true transparency, start at factor 15. To ensure privacy, select a factor lower than 5.







**Tensile structures** 

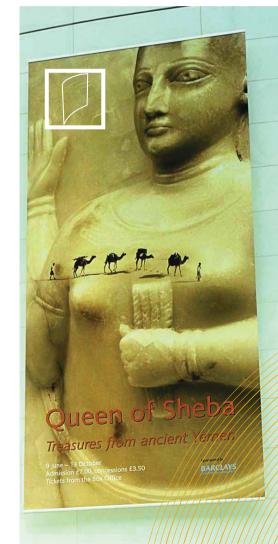
# The energy saving league winner

#### Sunscreen® Satiné 5500

is the perfect cost-saving comfort solution for all seasons.

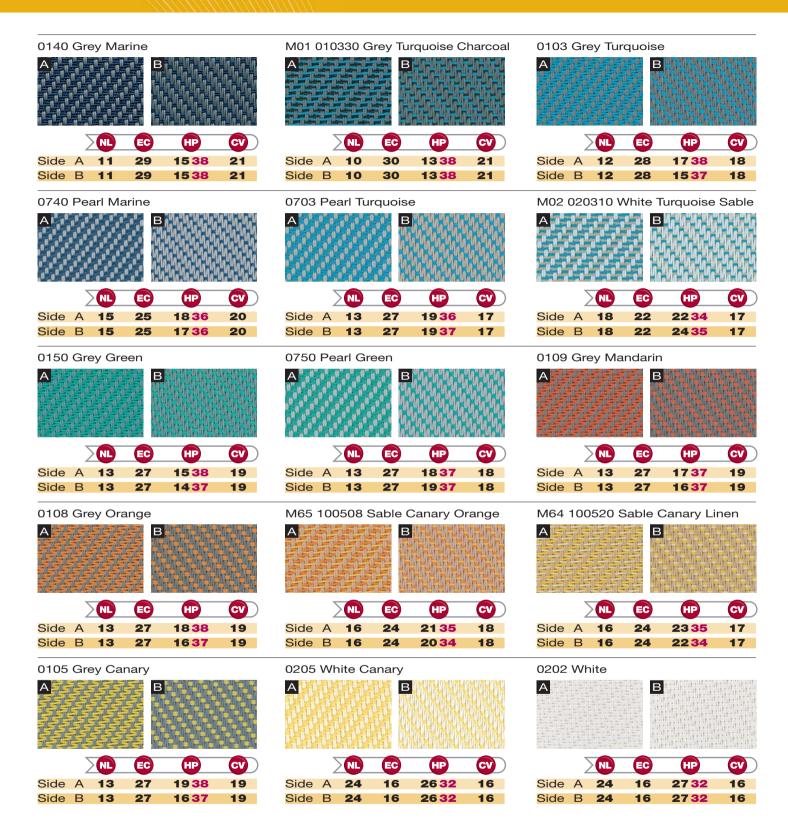
- > Cheaper thermal comfort: the fabric really comes into its own when it is used for external blinds. It stops the sun's rays before they hit the glazing and its open mesh has powerful ventilation properties which prevent heat from accumulating between the glazing and the blind. Depending on the colour, the fabric when used for external blinds will reflect up to 97% of solar radiation. Sunscreen® Satiné 5500 can help cut air-conditioning costs in premises by over 60%. Advantages: energy saving and lower greenhouse gas emissions.
- Filtered natural light and glare control: regardless of the position of the sun, the season or the direction the building faces, Sunscreen® Satiné 5500's twill weave reflects the light rays. It controls glare and ensures visual comfort at all times of the day, preventing disturbing reflections on monitor screens. Glare is best controlled by dark colours.
- True transparency: the secret lies in the uniform coating and regular weave of the fibreglass yarns, offering a clear view to the outside.

- Strength and peace of mind guaranteed: made of coated fibreglass yarns, Sunscreen® Satiné 5500 has excellent mechanical resistance allowing it to be tensioned, and perfect dimensional stability in panels of all sizes. It is unaffected by heat and cold and is weatherresistant. This fabric is rot-proof and IMO-certified (EC 0062 standard) for use in marine conditions. Labeled Oekotex Standard 100, it contains no chemicals harmful for the health and safety of users. Moreover, Sunscreen® Satiné 5500 is non-flammable and easy to maintain.
- Sunscreen® Satiné 5500 is printable; its textile appearance offers excellent legibility and enhances colours. Printed fabrics keep their transparency and are perfectly smooth.



www.sunscreen-mermet.com

### Widths 160 190 220 250 285 cm 62" 74" 86.6" 98.4" 110"





HP

2235

2134

16

16

Side A

Side B

21

19

2433

2433

17

17

21

21

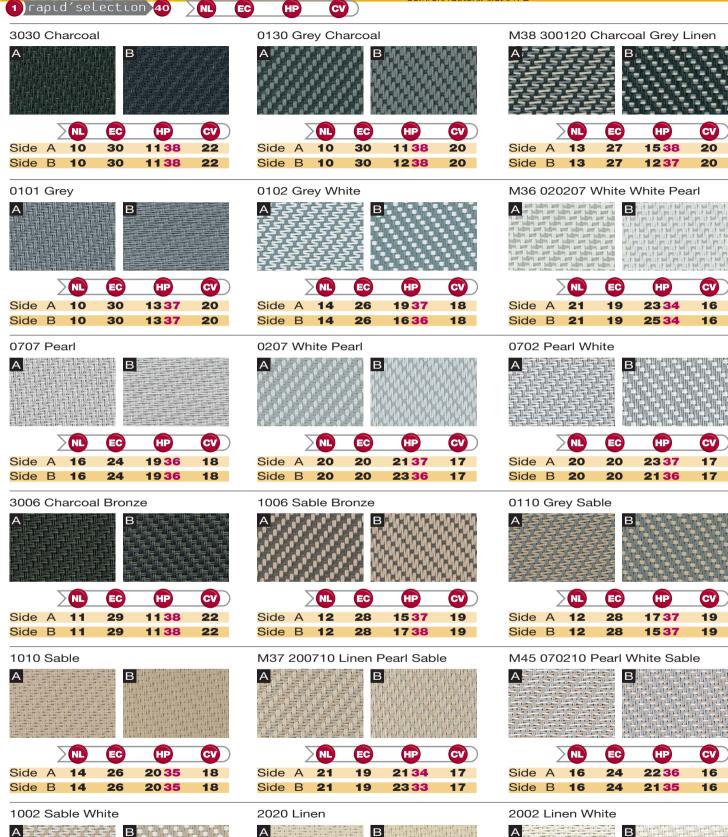
Side A 19

Side B 19

Natural eye Heat contrast light comfort protection vision internal external

### Sunscreen® Satiné 5500

Comfort factors: sides A-B





Composition	42 % Fibreglass	
	58 % PVC	
Fire classification	M1 (F) B1 (DE) BS (GB)	NFP 92 503 DIN 4102-1 476 Pt 6 Class 0 part 6 and 7
	FR (USA)	NFPA 701 – 89 Small NFPA 701 – 89 Large NFPA 701 – 99 TM # 1 California US Title 19
	B1 (CN)	AWTA Tested AS 1530 part 2 and 3 GB 50222-95
Openness factor	5 %	
UV screen	Up to 96 %	
Widths	160 - 190 - 220 - 250 - 285 cm 62 - 74 - 86.6 - 98.4 - 110"	
Pattern	Twill	
Yarn count Warp Weft	18 yarns/cm 46/inch ±0,5 % 14 yarns/cm 36/inch ±0,5 %	
Weight per m <sup>2</sup>	535 g 15.8 oz/yd² ±5%	ISO 2286 - 2
Thickness	0,78 mm 30 mil ±5%	ISO 2286 - 3
Breaking strength Warp Weft	> 280 daN/5 cm > 371 lbs/in > 170 daN/5 cm > 268 lbs/in	ISO 1421
Elongation to break point  Warp and weft	< 5 %	ISO 1421
Tear resistance Warp and weft	10=>18 daN	Internal procedure
Resistance to fold  Warp and weft	≥ 20 daN/5 cm	Internal procedure
Colour fastness to light scale of 8	<b>7/8</b> White not graded	ISO 105 B02
Marking	Digital printing / Screen printing Transfer / Paint / Adhesive	g
Making-up	Welding (thermal, high frequen ultrasonic) or sewing	cy,
Standard packaging	Rolls of 50 Im	

The data in this document is for information only and may not be considered as binding

Solar protection and light control indicators are laboratory-tested. The most relevant and widely-used factors are as follows:

#### > Thermal factors

Thermal factors relating to the fabric alone



the proportion of solar energy transmitted through the fabric. A low percentage means the fabric performs well at reducing solar energy.

Solar reflectance: this factor gives

the proportion of solar radiation reflected by the fabric. A high percentage means the fabric performs well at reflecting solar energy.

As Solar absorptance: this factor gives

the proportion of solar radiation absorbed by the fabric. A low percentage means the fabric absorbs little solar energy.

Solar radiation is always partially transmitted through, absorbed or reflected by the fabric. The sum of all 3 equals 100. Ts + Rs + As = 100 % of solar energy.











Thermal factors calculation using reference glazing and according to the position of the blind (indoor or outdoor)

### Sc Shading coefficient (or Fc shading factor

or z\*): this factor shows how effective the fabric is at filtering the heat from solar radiation. It is expressed as a factor between 0 and 1. A low figure means high protection from heat flow.

Solar factor or gtot factor\*: the percentage of solar energy which actually penetrates into a room through the blind and glazing.

Fs = Sc x Fs of glazing or in European terminology:

#### gtot = Fc x g of glazing\*

The solar factor of the glazing (Fs of glazing or g of glazing) is an indication given by plain glass manufacturers.

This is often given randomly as **g of glazing = 0.75** as reference for standard double glazing.

#### Optical factors

### Visible transmittance (or TL Light transmis-

**sion):** this factor gives the total percentage of light radiated through the fabric over a wavelength of 380 to 780nm (nanometers), called the visible spectrum (total illumination).

### Of Openness factor (or Co Openness

coefficient\*): this factor gives, in brief, a percentage of holes in a fabric. In the European standard, it is considered as independent of the colour but, for fabrics with the same weave, it should be measured using the darkest colour in the range.

### Tdif Diffuse transmission factor\*: correlation of

the two factors above:

#### Tdif = Tv - Co

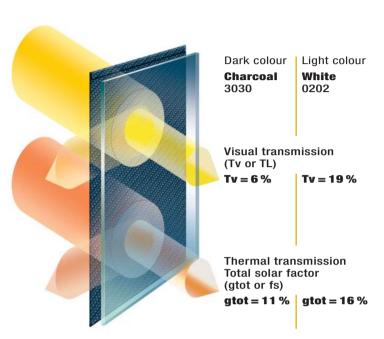
The diffuse part of total light transmission is indicated as Tvdif for the aspects of glare and shape recognition (visual contact to the outside/night privacy). However, for natural light control, it is indicated as Tvdifh. This is used to ascertain a fabric's light diffusion capacity. Panel becomes a source of light if the sun shines directly on it. The light intensity, or "luminance", emitted by a fabric can also be measured in candelas/m² (Cd/m²).

### Tuv Ultraviolet transmittance factor:

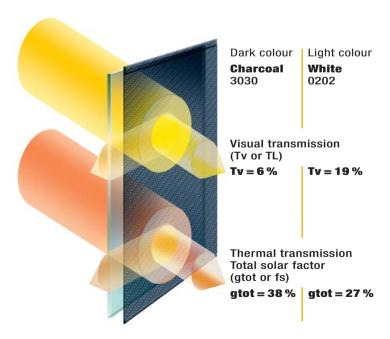
this factor gives the percentage of ultraviolet light radiated through the fabric over a wavelength of 280 to 380 nm (nanometers). UV radiation accelerates natural ageing. All means of solar protection ensure a certain amount of protection from UV rays.

\* European terminology

#### External



#### Internal



Thermal and optical factors in the European standard EN 14501 NEW!

Openness factor (Co)  Thermal factors								11233	•	Ор	tical factors
OF 5	%		Ts	Fabric Rs	As	gv=0,59 gtot exter	gv=0,32	glazing gv=0,59 gtot inte	gv=0,32	Tv	Tvndif Tvdifh*
Colours											
0202 White			25	58	17	0,17	0,12	0,38	0,26	25	19
2020 Linen			21	48	31	0,15	0,10	0,41	0,27	19	16
0205	Side A	dark	18	56	26	0,13	0,09	0,39	0,26	17	13
White Canary	В		18	58	24						
0207	Side A	dark	16	45	39	0,13	0,09	0,42	0,27	14	10
White Pearl	В		16	52	32						
1002	Side A		12	47	41	0,11	0,07	0,41	0,26	10	8
Sable White	В	dark	12	44	44						
0102	Side A		10	35	55	0,09	0,07	0,45	0,27	9	4
Grey White	В	dark	10	26	64						
1010 Sable			9	37	54	0,09	0,06	0,44	0,27	7	5
0750	Side A	dark	9	36	55	0,09	0,07	0,45	0,27	6	5
Pearl Green	В		9	37	54						
0707 Pearl			9	40	51	0,09	0,06	0,43	0,27	7	3
0105	Side A		7	29	64	0,08	0,06	0,47	0,28	7	2
Grey Canary	В	dark	7	22	71						
0108	Side A		6	29	65	0,08	0,06	0,46	0,28	6	2
Grey Orange	В	dark	6	23	71						
0703	Side A	dark	8	38	54	0,08	0,06	0,44	0,27	5	4
Pearl Turquoise	В		8	38	54						
0740	Side A	dark	9	30	61	0,09	0,07	0,46	0,28	5	2
Pearl Marine	В		9	33	58						
0109	Side A		6	27	67	0,07	0,06	0,47	0,28	5	2
Grey Mandarin	В	dark	6	21	73						
0103	Side A		5	27	68	0,07	0,06	0,47	0,28	5	1
Grey Turquoise	В	dark	5	21	74						
0150	Side A		5	23	72	0,07	0,06	0,48	0,28	5	1
Grey Green	В	dark	5	19	76						
0110	Side A		5	22	73	0,07	0,06	0,49	0,28	5	1
Grey Sable	В	dark	5	20	75						
0101 Grey			5	16	79	0,07	0,06	0,50	0,29	4	1

The thermal factors of gtot external blind, gtot internal blind and optical factors are the same for sides A and B.

 $<sup>\</sup>label{eq:gv} \text{gv} = 0.59 \text{: solar factor of standard glazing, low-emission 4/16/4 double glazing filled with Argon.}$ 

gv = 0.32: solar factor of standard glazing, reflecting low-emission 4/16/4 double glazing filled with Argon.

Samples tested by the calculation methods laid down in standards EN 13363-1 "Solar protection devices combined with glazing

calculation of solar and light transmittance – Part 1: simplified method" and EN 410 "Glass in building – Determination of luminous and solar characteristics of glazing". Tvdifh\* Data available on request.

### Thermal and optical factors in the American standard Ashrae 74-73

Openness fact	or (Co)			Falsais	Therm	al factors	Falsais	-1		Op	tical factors
NF 5	%		Ts	Fabric Rs	As	1/4" CI.	Fabric + 1/4" H.A.	1/4" CI.		Tv	Tvndif Tvdifh
01 0	10					Sc (Fc) ext	ernal blind	Sc (Fc) int	ernal blind		
Colours											
0202 White			27	59	14	0.24	0.22	0.41	0.36	19	Not applied in the American
0205	Side A	dark	24	60	16	0.26	0.24	0.39	0.35	21	standard
White Canary	В		24	61	15	0.26	0.24	0.39	0.35	21	-
2020 Linen			22	49	29	0.24	0.22	0.46	0.38	16	-
2002	Side A		19	60	21	0.22	0.20	0.38	0.34	16	-
Linen White	В	dark	19	58	23	0.22	0.21	0.39	0.35	16	-
0702	Side A		16	49	35	0.20	0.19	0.44	0.38	15	-
Pearl White	В	dark	16	44	40	0.21	0.20	0.48	0.39	15	-
1002	Side A		19	48	33	0.22	0.21	0.46	0.38	13	-
Sable White	В	dark	19	44	37	0.23	0.21	0.48	0.40	13	-
M45	Side A		12	36	52	0.18	0.17	0.54	0.52	11	-
Pearl Sable White	В	dark	12	36	52	0.18	0.17	0.54	0.52	11	-
0707 Pearl			14	32	54	0.18	0.17	0.55	0.43	11	-
0740	Side A	dark	11	27	62	0.18	0.18	0.57	0.44	10	-
Perle Marine	В		11	31	58	0.18	0.17	0.55	0.43	10	-
0102	Side A		10	35	55	0.16	0.15	0.52	0.42	8	-
Grey White	В	dark	10	26	64	0.17	0.16	0.57	0.44	8	-
1010 Sable			10	38	52	0.20	0.19	0.50	0.41	8	-
1006	Side A	dark	10	19	71	0.15	0.15	0.62	0.47	9	-
Sable Bronze	В		10	26	64	0.15	0.14	0.57	0.44	9	-
0108	Side A		8	31	61	0.15	0.15	0.54	0.43	8	-
Grey Orange	В	dark	8	23	69	0.16	0.15	0.59	0.45	8	-
0150	Side A		7	20	73	0.16	0.15	0.60	0.46	8	-
Grey Green	В	dark	7	17	76	0.16	0.15	0.62	0.47	8	-
M38	Side A		6	18	76	0.15	0.14	0.61	0.47	8	-
Charcoal Grey Line	n B	dark	6	11	83	0.16	0.15	0.66	0.49	8	-
3006	Side A		6	7	87	0.16	0.16	0.68	0.50	9	-
Charcoal Bronze	В	dark	6	6	88	0.16	0.16	0.69	0.50	9	-
0110	Side A		6	26	68	0.16	0.15	0.57	0.44	6	-
Grey Sable	В	dark	6	20	74	0.16	0.16	0.60	0.46	6	-
0130	Side A	dark	5	9	86	0.16	0.16	0.67	0.49	5	-
Grey Charcoal	В		5	11	84	0.16	0.15	0.65	0.49	5	-
0101 Grey			6	18	76	0.16	0.16	0.61	0.47	5	-
3030 Charcoal			6	4	90	0.15	0.15	0.70	0.51	6	-



# Sunscreen® Satiné 5500 Advice

#### Storage conditions

The rolls of fabric should be stored horizontally, but not piled up, in a place where the temperature and level of humidity is as constant as possible The fabric should never be folded.

For long-term storage, it is not advisable to leave rolled or folded panels on top of each other.

#### Advice for blind making

The panels of fabric are cut by blade or ultrasonically. They can be welded (thermal, high frequency or ultrasonic) or sewn together.

The fabric must be properly squared before it is made up, especially for large blinds or structures.

The blinds can be manufactured normally (vertical warp) or railroaded (vertical weft).

Horizontal seams give the best result.

For external blinds, Mermet recommends the sides to be reinforced with welding tapes, made of translucent coated yarns structure.

For tensile structures, it is better to make a pocket to fit all the way round the panel.

Very long blinds may need the addition of stiffeners to ensure they will still hang properly after time.

#### **Care instructions**

Remove dust with vacuum cleaner or compressed air

Do not scrub.

Do not use solvents or any abrasive substance that might damage the coating of fabric.

Clean with a sponge or soft brush dipped in soapy water (a high pressure water spray can be used at a distance on external blinds).

Rinse with clear water.

Leave the blind down until completely dry.

> www.sunscreen-mermet.com

